Biology Mini Assessment #9

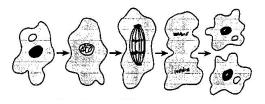
In the Punnett square below, which genotype will be found in the box labeled **X**?

	AB	Ab	aB	ab
AB	AABB	AABb		AaBb
Ab	AABb	X	AaBb	Aabb
aB		AaBb	aaBB	aaBb
ab	AaBb	Aabb	aaBb	

- A AaBB
- B AAbb
- C AaBb
- D aabb
- What is the end product of meiosis in humans?
 - A 2 daughter cells with 46 chromosomes each
 - B 2 daughter cells with 23 chromosomes each
 - C 4 daughter cells with 46 chromosomes each
 - D 4 daughter cells with 23 chromosomes each
- Which method provides the greatest variation in heredity?
 - A fission
 - B budding
 - C regeneration
 - D fusion of egg and sperm

Which phrase *best* describes the process represented in the diagram below?

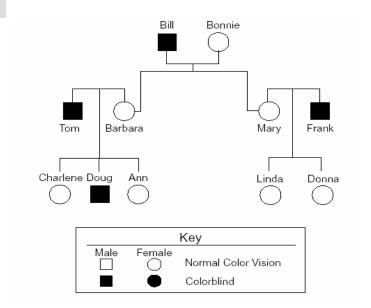
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- A germination of a pollen grain in a flower
- B daughter cells being formed by mitosis
- C identical gametes being formed by mitosis
- D development of ovules by meiosis
- In dogs, wire hair (D) is dominant over smooth hair (d). Two wire-haired dogs produce a smooth-haired pup. Which genotypes *best* describe the parents?
 - A DD and DD
 - B DD and Dd
 - C Dd and Dd
 - D Dd and dd
- What are the possible blood types in offspring of a cross between a heterozygous type A female and a heterozygous type B male?
 - A A only
 - B AB and B only
 - C O and B only
 - D A, B, AB, and O

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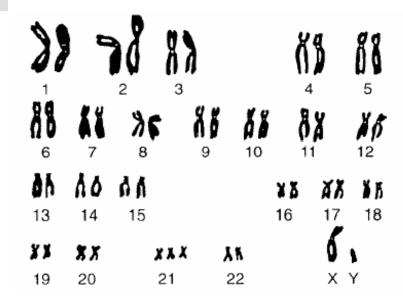
Use the chart below to answer the following question.



Barbara is expecting another child. What is the probability that the new baby will be colorblind?

- A 0%
- B 25%
- C 50%
- D 100%

Use the karyotype below to answer the following question.



What conclusions can be drawn from this karyotype?

- A This is a male with Down Syndrome.
- B This is a male with Huntington's disease.
- C This is a female with sickle-cell anemia.
- D This is a female with Tay-Sachs disease.

Use the Punnett square that shows the cross between two squash plants to answer questions 9-10.



Key:
DD = Disc-shaped squash
Dd == Disc-shaped squash
dd = Round squash

- What term *best* describes the genotypes of the squash offspring?
 - A All are round.
 - B All are disc-shaped squash.
 - C All are heterozygous.
 - D All are homozygous dominant.
- Which genetic principle is **best** illustrated by the phenotype of the offspring?
 - A dominance
 - B codominance
 - C multiple alleles
 - D independent assortment

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?	•	Answer/ Scale	Objective	?	•	Answer/ Scale	Objective
1	1	'B	2.03 Laws of Probability	6	6	D	2.03 Laws of Probability
2	2	D	2.02 Asexual _Sexual Reproduction	7	7	c	2.03 Laws of Probability
3	3	¦D	2.02 Asexual _Sexual Reproduction	8	8	A	2.03 Laws of Probability
4	4	В	2.02 Asexual _Sexual Reproduction	9	9	C	2.03 Laws of Probability
5	5	¦C	2.03 Laws of Probability	10	10	A	2.03 Laws of Probability

Minimum points required to achieve mastery category

Total questions on test: 10

Objectives measured: 2	Items	Points	•	•	Que	stion	s m	eas	urin	g th	is objective	
2.03 Laws of Probability	7	7	66	5_	1	5	6	7	_8_	9	10	
2.02 Asexual _Sexual Reproduction	3	3	33	2	2	3	4				. = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
Totals		10	9	7								

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Items used in test

?	Item name	?	Item name	?	Item name
1	Jn02.B2.03.1	5	 Exg.c5.16.B2.03	8	cms_203_2
2	SCIS1060201.61.var	6	cms_203_3	9	cms_203_1
3	cms.202_1	7	hys_203_1	10	cms_203_4
4	Exq.c4.30.B2.02				